

### THE RIGHT TUBE FOR YOUR APPLICATION

This datasheet will guide you through the tube selection process.

Selecting a suitable tubing material is important to the success of the Flex-Pro peristaltic pump in a specific application.

Variables that will affect tube performance include: system pressure, output volume, and chemical being dosed.

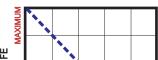
**1** of 6 TDS #85000-120

### **Tubing Characteristics**

#### TUBING CHARACTERISTICS

Shown below are the three primary application variables that will affect the life of the tube and the tubing characteristics that are affected by these variables. Chemical resistance is not depicted graphically.

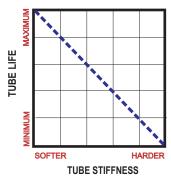
APPLICATION VARIABLES	TUBING CHARACTERISTICS					
	Tube Diameter	Material Formulation	Material Stiffness			
Discharge Pressure	Х		Χ			
Output Volume	Х					
Chemical		Х				



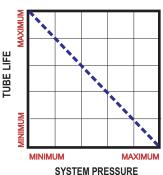
Tube Life vs Tube Diameter

SMALLER LARGER **TUBE DIAMETER** 

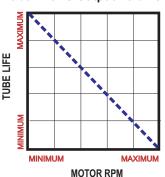
**Tube Life vs Tube Stiffness** 



Tube Life vs Pressure



**Tube Life vs Output Volume** 



### MATERIALS AND DIAMETERS

- The first letter in the tubing designation always indicates the tube's material.
- The second letter indicates the tube size. Two of the same letters indicate a dual tube assembly.
- The letter "L" at the end of the code indicates a "low pressure" or "softer" version of the tube.

N = Flex-A-Prene® - An excellent material for most water treatment applications. Chemically resistant to 25% Sodium Hypochlorite, 50% Sulfuric Acid, 30% Fluosilicic Acid, Ferric Chloride, Alum and many others. Available in a wide stiffness range for both low and high pressure applications.

T = Flex-A-Chem® - This tubing material consists of an outer Norprene jacket with an inner liner that is virtually unaffected by acids, bases, salts, ketones and alcohols. Available in a medium stiffness for applications up to 50 psi.

**G = Flex-A-Thane**<sup>®</sup> - This polyurethane material can be used with a variety of chemicals including Oil and Water based Polymers, Sodium Hypochlorite, Alum, Ferric Chloride, fuels and lubricants and many others. Available in a medium stiffness for applications up to 65 psi.

	Flex-Pro Peristaltic Pump Tubing Options										
Material Designation	Tube Material	Tube Size	Tube Size	Tube Stiffness	Maximum A2	Pressure A3	Capability A4	Max Temp			
Code	Material	Code	ID Inches	Code	PSI (bar)	PSI (bar)	PSI (bar)	F (C)			
ND NEE NGG NHL NHHL NJ NK NKL NL NP TH TK	Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Chem® Flex-A-Chem®	D EE GG HL HHL J K KL L P H	0.075 0.093 0.187 0.250 0.250 0.312 0.375 0.375 0.500 0.750 0.250 0.375	Medium Medium Medium Medium Medium Medium Hard Hard Soft Medium Medium Medium Medium Medium Medium	125 (8.6) 110 (7.6) 110 (7.6) 65 (4.5) 65 (4.5) NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	125 (8.6) 110 (7.6) 110 (7.6) 65 (4.5) 65 (4.5) 125 (8.6) 125 (8.6) 30 (2.1) NA NA 50 (3.4) 50 (3.4)	NA NA NA 65 (4.5) 65 (4.5) 100 (6.9) 80 (5.5) 30 (2.1) 50 (3.4) 30 (2.1) 30 (2.1) 30 (2.1)	185 (85) 185 (85)			
GE GG	Flex-A-Thane <sup>®</sup> Flex-A-Thane <sup>®</sup> Flex-A-Thane <sup>®</sup>	E G	0.125 0.187	Medium Medium	65 (4.5) 65 (4.5)	65 (4.5) 65 (4.5)	NA NA	130 (54) 130 (54) 130 (54)			
GH GK G2G	Flex-A-Thane Flex-A-Thane <sup>®</sup> Flex-A-Thane <sup>®</sup>	H K GG	0.250 0.375 0.187	Medium Medium Medium	NA NA 65 (4.5)	65 (4.5) 65 (4.5) 65 (4.5)	65 (4.5) 65 (4.5) NA	130 (54) 130 (54) 130 (54)			

### **Output vs Pressure and Viscosity**

#### **VISCOSITY EFFECTS**

The viscosity of your chemical will have an affect on the pump output volume.

- · As the viscosity increases, pump output is reduced.
- Long suction lines will reduce the pump output. Use a flooded suction where possible.
- A small inside diameter suction line will reduce output. Use a large ID pipe or tube where possible.
- Pump tube assemblies with ½" pipe thread or ½" ID barb connections have the largest through holes. Use these options when pumping viscous fluids.

#### SUCTION LIFT EFFECTS

Note that the pump's output specification is based on laboratory tests with water at 72 degrees Fahrenheit (Sp.gr. = 1.0) and 3 feet of suction lift. When lifting fluids with a Specific Gravity other than water, your output rate will vary. Use the following equation and the graphs below to calculate your pump output.

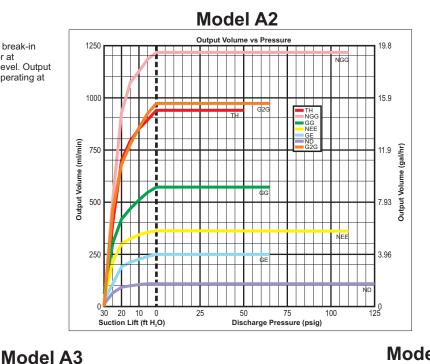
#### Fluid Sp.Gr. x Suction Lift Height = the equivalent height in water

Example: The Sp.Gr. of 12.5% Sodium Hypochlorite at 60 degrees F is 1.20. If the required suction lift is 8 feet, the equivalent suction lift using water is  $1.20 \times 8 = 9.6$  feet.

**Note:** All tests performed after approximately 30 minutes tube break-in period. Tested using 72°F water at atmospheric conditions at sea level. Output volume shown with the pump operating at 125 rpm motor speed.

2500

Suction Lift (ft H<sub>2</sub>O)

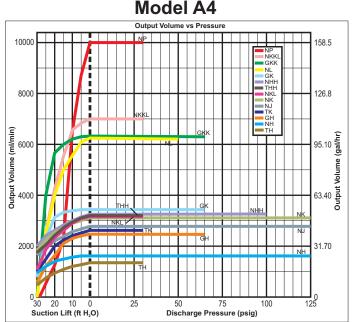


39.6

7.93

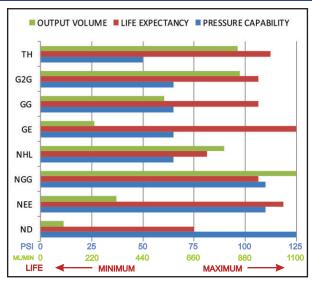


Discharge Pressure (psig)



3 of 6 TDS #85000-12

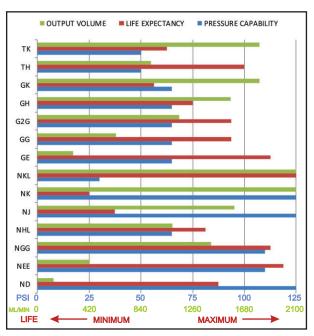
### Tube Life Guidelines



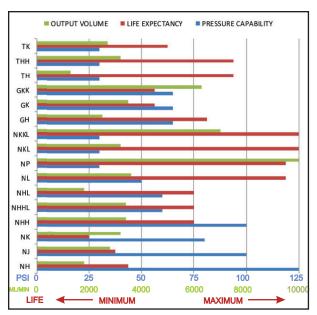
#### How to use this data:

- 1: Select the tube materials that are resistant to the chemical. See the following pages for chemical resistance data.
- **2:** Select the tube sizes that meet the system pressure requirement.
- 3: Select the tube with the highest output volume and life expectancy.

Model A2 Pump Tubes and Output Ranges										
Tube Material	Tube Size	Max Pressure	Max Temp	Output Range	Roller Size					
Material	Code	PSI (bar)	F (C)	ML/Min	Code					
Flex-A-Prene®	ND	125 (8.6)	185 (85)	1 - 108	A2-SND-R					
Flex-A-Prene®	NEE	110 (7.6)	185 (85)	3.6 - 361	A2-SNGG-R					
Flex-A-Prene®	NGG	110 (7.6)	185 (85)	12 - 1215	A2-SNGG-R					
Flex-A-Prene®	NHL	65 (4.5)	185 (85)	9 - 870	A2-SNGG-R					
Flex-A-Chem®	TH	50 (3.4)	130 (54)	7.4 - 740	A2-STH-R					
Flex-A-Thane®	GE	65 (4.5)	130 (54)	3 - 253	A2-SGE-R					
Flex-A-Thane®	GG	65 (4.5)	130 (54)	6 - 586	A2-SGE-R					
Flex-A-Thane®	G2G	65 (4.5)	130 (54)	9.5 - 945	A2-SGE-R					



Model A3	3 Pur	np Tube	es and	Output	Ranges
Tube Material	Tube Size	Max Pressure	Max Temp	Output Range	Roller Size
Material	Code	PSI (bar)	F (C)	ML/Min	Code
Flex-A-Prene®	ND	125 (8.6)	185 (85)	.05 - 133	A3-SND-R
Flex-A-Prene®	NEE	110 (7.6)	185 (85)	.2 - 425	A3-SNGG-R
Flex-A-Prene®	NGG	110 (7.6)	185 (85)	.6 - 1407	A3-SNGG-R
Flex-A-Prene®	NHL	65 (4.5)	185 (85)	.4 - 1097	A3-SNGG-R
Flex-A-Prene®	NJ	125 (8.6)	185 (85)	.6 - 1596	A3-SNGG-R
Flex-A-Prene®	NK	125 (8.6)	185 (85)	.8 - 2100	A3-SNGG-R
Flex-A-Prene®	NKL	30 (2.1)	185 (85)	.8 - 2100	A3-STH-R
Flex-A-Chem®	TH	50 (3.4)	130 (54)	.4 - 950	A3-STH-R
Flex-A-Chem®	TK	50 (3.4)	130 (54)	.9 - 2220	A3-SNGG-R
Flex-A-Thane®	GE	65 (4.5)	130 (54)	.1 - 290	A3-SGE-R
Flex-A-Thane®	GG	65 (4.5)	130 (54)	.3 - 637	A3-SGE-R
Flex-A-Thane®	GH	65 (4.5)	130 (54)	.6 - 1570	A3-SGE-R
Flex-A-Thane®	GK	65 (4.5)	130 (54)	.7 - 1800	A3-SGE-R
Flex-A-Thane®	G2G	65 (4.5)	130 (54)	.5 - 1150	A3-SGE-R



Size Pr	Max ressure	Max Temp	Output	Roller
Code PS		TOTTIP	Range	Size
	SI (bar)	F (C)	ML/Min	Code
NH 12 NHL 66 NJ 10 NK 81 NHH 10 IHHL 65 NP 31 NKL 31 IKKL 31 TH 33 TH 33 TH 36 GH 66	25 (8.6) 5 (4.5) 10 (6.9) 10 (5.5) 10 (6.9) 10 (5.5) 10 (6.9) 10 (6.9	185 (85) 185 (85) 185 (85) 185 (85) 185 (85) 185 (85) 185 (85) 185 (85) 185 (85) 185 (85) 130 (54) 130 (54) 130 (54)	.7 - 1800 .7 - 1800 1.1 - 2800 1.3 - 3200 1.4 - 3400 2.5 - 6300 4.0 - 10000 1.46 - 3650 3.10 - 7760 .5 - 1300 1.1 - 2700 1.3 - 3200 1.0 - 2500	A4-MNH-R A4-MNH-R A4-MNH-R A4-MNH-R A4-MNH-R A4-MNL-R A4-MNL-R A4-MNH-R A4-MNH-R A4-MNH-R A4-MTH-R A4-MTH-R A4-MTH-R A4-MTH-R A4-MTH-R A4-MTH-R A4-MTH-R A4-MTH-R A4-MGH-R
1	NHL 6 NJ 10 NK 8 NHH 10 HHL 6 NL 5 NP 3 NKL 3 IKKL 3 TH 3 TH 3 TH 3 GH 6 GK 6	NHL 65 (4.5) NJ 100 (6.9) NK 80 (5.5) NHH 100 (6.9) IHHL 65 (4.5) NL 50 (3.4) NP 30 (2.1) NKL 30 (2.1) IKKL 30 (2.1) ITH 30 (2.1)	NHL 65 (4.5) 185 (85) NJ 100 (6.9) 185 (85) NK 80 (5.5) 185 (85) NHH 100 (6.9) 185 (85) NHH 65 (4.5) 185 (85) NL 50 (3.4) 185 (85) NP 30 (2.1) 185 (85) NKL 30 (2.1) 185 (85) NKL 30 (2.1) 185 (85) TH 30 (2.1) 130 (54) TK 30 (2.1) 130 (54) TH 30 (2.1) 130 (54) THH 30 (2.1) 130 (54)	NHL 65 (4.5) 185 (85) .7 - 1800  NJ 100 (6.9) 185 (85) 1.1 - 2800  NK 80 (5.5) 185 (85) 1.3 - 3200  NHH 100 (6.9) 185 (85) 1.4 - 3400  IHHL 65 (4.5) 185 (85) 1.4 - 3400  NL 50 (3.4) 185 (85) 2.5 - 6300  NP 30 (2.1) 185 (85) 4.0 - 10000  NKL 30 (2.1) 185 (85) 1.46 - 3650  IKKL 30 (2.1) 185 (85) 3.10 - 7760  TH 30 (2.1) 130 (54) .5 - 1300  TK 30 (2.1) 130 (54) 1.1 - 2700  THH 30 (2.1) 130 (54) 1.3 - 3200  GH 65 (4.5) 130 (54) 1.0 - 2500  GK 65 (4.5) 130 (54) 1.4 - 3500

# **Chemical Resistance**

<i>y</i> 3									
28 Day Immersions at 73°F									
E = Excellent G = Good F = Fair U = Not Recommended	Flex-A-Prene®	Flex-A-Chem®	Flex-A-Thane®		Flex-A-Prene®	Flex-A-Chem®	-A-Thane®	Chemical, Conc. % (1)	Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Chem® Flex-A-Thane®
Chamical Cana 9/	<u>```</u>	<u>e</u>	<u>e</u>	Chamical Cana 9/	<u> </u>	<u>e</u> x	<u>ex</u>	Chamical Cana 9/	<u>e x e</u>
Chemical, Conc. % (1) Acetate Solvents	F	U	U	Chemical, Conc. % (1) Bromine, Anhydrous Liquid	U	U	U	Ethylene Chlorohydrin	E E U
Acetic Acid, 10% in w	Ε	Ε	G	Butadiene	Ε	G	Ε	Ethylene Diamine	F U U
Acetic Acid, 50-60% in w Acetic Acid, Glacial, 100%	G G	E E		Butane Butyl Acetate	E G	G U	E U	Ethylene Dichloride Ethylene Glycol	F U U E E E
Acetic Acid, Glacial, 100% Acetic Anhydride	E	E		Butyl Alcohol	G	E	U	Ethylene Oxide	EEE
Acetone	U G	G G		Butyric Acid	G	U E	U E	Fatty Acids	F F G E E E
Acrylonitrile Adipic Acid, 100% in alc	G	U	U	Calcium Bisulfite, 1% in w Calcium Bromide 52%	E	Ε		Ferric Chloride, 43% in w Ferric Hydroxide	EEU
Air	E	E	Ε	Calcium Carbonate, 25% acids	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ferric Nitrate, 60% in w	EEE
Alcohols General Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	E U			Calcium Chlorate, 30% in w Calcium Chloride, 30% in w	E	E		Ferric Salts Ferric Sulfate, 5% in w	E E E
Allyl Alcohol	F	Ε	U	Calcium Hydroxide, 10% in glycerol	Ε	Ε	U	Ferrous Chloride, 40% in w	EEE
Alum, 5% in w Aluminum Chloride, 53% in w	E E	E	E	Calcium Hydroxide, 20% in water Calcium Hypochlorite, 20% in w	E	E E		Ferrous Salts Ferrous Sulfate, 5% in w	E E E E E E
Aluminum Chlorohydrate 50%	Ε	Ε	-	Calcium Nitrate, 55% in w	Ε	Ε	Ε	Fluoborate Salts	$E \; E \; E$
Aluminum Fluoride, 0.1% in w Aluminum Hydroxide, 2% in w	E E	E	E	Calcium Oxide, 3% in w Calcium Salts	E	E	E	Fluoboric Acid, 48% in w Fluorine Gas	U E U U U U
Aluminum Nitrate, 39% in w	Ε	Ε	Ε	Calcium Sulfate, 1% in w	Ε	Ε	Ε	Fluosilicic Acid, 30% in w (Fluoride)	EEF
Aluminum Potassium Sulfate Aluminum Sulfate	E	E		Carbon Dioxide, Wet/Dry Carbon Disulfide	E U	E	E U	Formaldehyde, 37% in w Formic Acid, 25% in w	U F U E E F
Aluminum Sulfate, 50% in w	Ε	Ε	Ε	Carbon Monoxide	Ε	Ε	E	Formic Acid, 40-50% in w	G E U
Aluminum Salts Amines	E F	E U		Carbon Tetrachloride Carbonic Acid	U E	U E	U E	Formic Acid, 98% in w Fruit Juice	G E U E E E
Ammonia, Anhydrous Liquid	G	G	F	Castor Oil	F	G		Fuel Oil	UUG
Ammonium Acetate, 45% in w	E	E	G	Cellosolve	F	U	U	Furfural	UUU
Ammonium Bifluoride, 50% in w Ammonium Bisulfite, 50%	E	E	-	Cellosolve Acetate Chloroacetic Acid, 20% in w	F G	U E	U	Gallic Acid, 17% in acetone Gasoline, Automotive	G U U U U G
Ammonium Carbonate, 50% in w	Ε	E		Chlorobenzene, Mono, Di, Tri	U	U		Gelatin	EEE
Ammonium Chloride, 23% in w Ammonium Hydroxide, 5-10% in w	E E	E		Chloroform Chlorosulfonic Acid	U	U	U	Glucose, 50% in w Glycerol, (Glycerin)	E E E E E E
Ammonium Hydroxide, 30% in w	Ε	Ε	F	Chromic Acid, 10-20% in w	Ε	Ε	U	Glycolic Acid, 70% in w	G E U
Ammonium Nitrate, 54% in w Ammonium Persulfate, 30% in w	E E	E		Chromic Acid, 50% in w Chromium Salts	F E	G E	U E	Heptane Hexane	U U G U U G
Ammonium Phosphate, 21% in w	Ε	Ε	Ε	Citric Acid, 50% in w	Ε	Ε	G	Hydrazine	F U U
Ammonium Salts Ammonium Sulfate, 30% in w	E	E		Coconut Oil Copper Salts	F	G E	E	Hydrobromic Acid, 20-50% in w Hydrobromic Acid, 100% in w	U E U
Amyl Acetate	G	U	U	Corn Syrup	Ε	Ε	Ε	Hydrochloric Acid, 10% in w	EEF
Amyl Alcohol Amyl Chloride	U F	E U	F U	Cottonseed Oil Cresol (m, o, or p)	F U	G	E U	Hydrochloric Acid, 37% in w Hydrocyanic Acid	G E U E E G
Aniline	F	Ü	Ü	Cresylic Acid	G	U	Ü	Hydrofluoric Acid, 10% in w	UEU
Aniline Hydrochloride Antimony Salts	F E	U E	U E	Cupric Chloride, 40% in w Cupric Cyanide, 10% in dilute bases	E E	E E	E	Hydrofluoric Acid, 25% in w Hydrofluoric Acid, 40-48% in w	U E U U E U
Antimony Saits Antimony Trichloride	E	E	F	Cupric Nitrate, 70% in w	E	Ē	E	Hydriodic Acid, 45-48% in w	G E U
Aqua Regia	U E	E	Ų		Е	Е	E	Hydrogen Peroxide, 3% in w	E E E E E E
Aqueous Ammonia Aromatic Hydrocarbons	U	U	F U	Cyclohexane Cyclohexanone	U	U F	G	Hydrogen Peroxide, 10% in w Hydrogen Peroxide, 30% in w	E E E
Arsenic Acid, 20% in w	F	E	E	Detergent Solutions	G	E	E	Hydrogen Peroxide, 90% in w	G G U
Arsenic Salts ASTM Reference No. 1 Oil	E F	E U	E	Diacetone Alcohol Dibutyl Phthalate	U E	E	F U	Hydrogen Sulfide Hydroquinone, 7% in w	E E E G E E
ASTM Reference No. 2 Oil	U	U	Ε	Dichlorobenzene	U	U	U	Hypochlorous Acid, 25% in w	EEF
ASTM Reference No. 3 Oil Barium Carbonate, 1% in w	U E	U E	E	Diesel Fuel Diethylamine, 2.5% in w	U E	U E	G E	lodine, 50 ppm in w Isobutyl Alcohol	E E E F E U
Barium Chloride, 27% in w	Ε	Ε	Ε	Diethylene Glycol	Ε	Ε	Ε	Isooctane	UUG
Barium Hydroxide, 5% in w Barium Salts	E E	E E	E	Diethyl Ether Dimethylformamide	F G	U E	U U	Isopropyl Acetate Isopropyl Alcohol	G U U F E U
Barium Sulfate, <1% in dilute acids	Ε	Ε	Ε	Dimethylsulfoxide	Ε	G	U	Isopropyl Ether	F U U
Barium Sulfide	E E	E	E	Dioctyl Phthalate Dioxane	E U	E U	U	Jet Fuel, Jp8 Kerosene	U U G U U G
Beer Benzaldehyde	U	F	U	Ether	F	U	U	Ketones	UFU
Benzene	U	U		Ethyl Acetate	F	G	U	Lacquer Solvents	G U U
Benzenesulfonic Acid Benzoic Acid	U E	U E	U U	Ethyl Alcohol (Ethanol) Ethyl Benzoate	F U	E U	U U	Lactic Acid, 3-10% in w Lactic Acid, 85% in w	E E G G E U
Benzyl Alcohol	Ε	Ε	U	Ethyl Chloride	F	U	U	Lard, Animal Fat	F G E
Bleach Liquor, 22% in w Borax, 6% in w	E E	E E	G E	Ethyl Ether Ethylamine, 70% in w	F U	U G	U U	Lead Acetate, 35% in w Lead Nitrate, 27% in w	E E E E E E
Boric Acid, 4% in w	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ethylene Bromide	Ü	F	U	Lead Salts	EEE

TDS #85000-120

### **Chemical Resistance**

28 Day Immersions at 73°F									
E = Excellent G = Good F = Fair U = Not Recommended	Flex-A-Prene®	k-A-Chem®	k-A-Thane®		Flex-A-Prene®	Flex-A-Chem®	k-A-Thane®		Flex-A-Prene® Flex-A-Chem® Flex-A-Thane®
Chemical, Conc. % (1)	Flex	Flex-A	Flex	Chemical, Conc. % (1)	Flex	Flex	Flex-A	Chemical, Conc. % (1)	Flex Flex Flex
Chemical, Conc. % (1)  Lemon Oil Lime Slurry (Calcium Hydroxide) Limonene-D Linoleic Acid Linseed Oil Lubricating Oils, Petroleum Magnesium Carbonate, 1% in w Magnesium Chloride, 35% in w Magnesium Hydroxide Magnesium Hydroxide, 10% in acids Magnesium Hydroxide, 10% in acids Magnesium Sulfate, 25% in w Maleic Acid, 30% in w Malic Acid, 36% in w Manganese Salts Manganese Sulfate, 34% in w Mercuric Chloride, 6% in w Mercuric Cyanide, 8% in w Mercury Salts Methane Gas Methyl Acetate Methyl Alcohol (Methanol) Methyl Bromide Methyl Ethyl Ketone Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Methyl Methacrylate Milk Mineral Oil Mineral Spirits Molasses Monoethanolamine Motor Oil Naphtha Naphthalene Nickel Chloride, 40% in w				Paraffins Peracetic acid Perchloric Acid, 67% in w Perchloroethylene Phenol, 5-10% in w Phenol, 91% in w Phosphoric Acid, <10% in w Phosphoric Acid, 25% in w Phosphoric Acid, 85% in w Phosphorous Trichloride Acid Photographic Solutions Phthalic Acid, 9% in alc Phthalic Acid, 9% in alc Picric Acid, 1% in w Plating Solutions Polyaluminum Chloride (PAC) in w Potassium Amyl Xanthate (PAX) Potassium Carbonate, 55% in w Potassium Cyanide, 33% in w Potassium Dichromate, 5% in w Potassium Hydroxide, 43% in w Potassium Hydroxide, 43% in w Potassium Hydroxide, 43% in w Potassium Nitrate, 10% in w Potassium Nitrate, 10% in w Potassium Salts Potassium Sulfate, 10% in w Potassium Sulfate, 10% in w Potassium Sulfate, 10% in w Potassium Sulfate, 20% in w Propyl Alcohol (Propanol) Propylene Glycol Propylene Oxide Pyridine				Chemical, Conc. % (1)  Sodium Peroxide, 20% in w Sodium Phosphate, 30% in w Sodium Salts Sodium Sulfate, 38% in w Sodium Sulfide, 45% in w Sodium Sulfite, 10% in w Stannic Chloride, 50% in w Stannous Chloride, 45% in w Stannous Chloride, 45% in w Stearic Acid, 5% in alc Styrene Monomer Sulfur Chloride Sulfur Dioxide, Gas Dry Sulfur Dioxide, Gas Wet Sulfur Dioxide, Gas Wet Sulfur Cacid, 10% in w Sulfuric Acid, 30% in w Sulfuric Acid, 55-98% in w Sulfuric Acid, 75% in w Tanning Solutions Tartaric Acid, 56% in w Tetrahydrofuran Thionyl Chloride Tin Salts Titanium Salts Toluene Trichloroacetic Acid, 90% in w Trichloroethane Triethanolamine Trichloroethylene Trichloropropane Tricresyl Phosphate Trisodium Phosphate Turpentine Urea, 20% in w Uric Acid Vinegar Vinyl Acetate Water, Brine	
Nickel Nitrate, 75% in w Nickel Salts Nickel Sulfate, 25% in w Nitric Acid, 10% in w Nitric Acid, 35% in w Nitric Acid, 68-71% in w Nitric Acid, 68-71% in w Nitrobenzene Nitromethane Nitrous Acid, 10% in w Oils, Animal Oils, Essential Oils, Hydraulic (Phosphate Ester) Oils, Hydrocarbon Oils, Vegetable Oleic Acid Oleum, 25% in w Ortho Dichlorobenzene Oxalic Acid, 12% in w Ozone, 300pphm Palmitic Acid, 100% in ether	EEEEUUUEFUUUFFEUGEF	EEEEEUUEGUUUGFEUEEF	EUUUUUFEFGEEGUUUE	Sodium Chlorate, 45% in w Sodium Chloride, 20% in w Sodium Chlorite, 12% in Sodium Cyanide, 30% in w Sodium Dichromate, 70% in w Sodium Fluoride, 3% in w Sodium Hydroxide, 10-15% in w Sodium Hydroxide, 30-50% in w			UEEEEEE - UEEUUGE	Water, Deionized Water, Distilled Xylene Zinc Chloride, 80% in w Zinc Salts Zinc Sulfate, 30% in w  (1) - If a concentration is not indicated 100% concentration or the maximum p solubility in water.  NOTE - Concentrations of room tempe liquids are given in % volume. Concentroom temperature solids are given in % w = Water alc = Alcohol - = no data	ercent rature strations of

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